DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

10 Jonty has a storage container in the shape of a cuboid, as shown in the diagram.



Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

Jonty is going to paint the outside of his storage container, apart from the base which is shown shaded in the diagram.

He needs enough paint to cover the four sides and the top.

Each tin of paint covers an area of $15 \, \text{m}^2$

The cost of each tin of paint recently increased by 10% **After** the increase, the cost of each tin of paint is £26.95

Jonty says

"Before the increase, I could have bought enough paint for less than £200"

Show that Jonty is correct. Show your working clearly.



EA		
AR		
Ξ.		
<u>E</u>		
Ë		
N.		
ō		
ō		
	(Total for Question 10 is 6 ma	rks)
×.		
Ă		
Ĕ		
E.		
Ë		
×.		
Ę.		
ō		
Щ. Цар		
S AL		
Ĕ		
Z		
Ë		
2 Z		
0		
		13
	I 1881/1881 118 81/181 18111 18818 11811 18811 1811 188181 11888 1118 1118 1118 P 6 8 7 2 7 A 0 1 3 3 2	Turn over 🕨



(b) Express

 $\frac{3}{x} + \frac{x+2}{2x} + \frac{1}{4}$

12 (a) Expand and simplify n(n-4)(3n+5)

as a single fraction in its simplest form.

(3)

(2)

(Total for Question 12 is 5 marks)

P 6 8 7 2 7 A 0 1 5 3 2

Hector takes at random a counter from the bag. He looks at the counter and puts the counter back into the bag.

Hector then takes at random a second counter from the bag. He looks at the counter and puts the counter back into the bag.

(a) Complete the probability tree diagram.



P 6 8 7 2 7 A 0 1 6 3 2

(b) Work out the probability that both counters are red.

(2)

(2)

Meghan has a jar containing 15 counters. There are only blue counters, green counters and red counters in the jar.

Hector is going to take at random one of the counters from his bag of 12 counters. He will look at the counter and put the counter back into the bag.

Hector is then going to take at random a second counter from his bag. He will look at the counter and put the counter back into the bag.

Meghan is then going to take at random one of the counters from her jar of counters. She will look at the counter and put the counter back into the jar.

The probability that the 3 counters each have a different colour is $\frac{7}{24}$

(c) Work out how many blue counters there are in the jar.

(Total for Question 13 is 7 marks)



0



A, B, C and D are points on a circle, centre O AOC is a diameter of the circle.

Angle $BAC = 55^{\circ}$

14

Work out the size of angle *ADB* Give a reason for each stage of your working.

(Total for Question 14 is 4 marks)



15 Using algebra, prove that, given any 3 consecutive whole numbers, the sum of the square of the smallest number and the square of the largest number is always 2 more than twice the square of the middle number.

(Total for Question 15 is 3 marks)



16 An arithmetic series has first term 1 and common difference 4

Find the sum of all terms of the series from the 41st term to the 100th term inclusive.

(Total for Question 16 is 4 marks)



17 The Venn diagram shows a universal set \mathscr{E} and three sets A, B and C.



6, 3, 8, 2, 5 and 4 represent the **numbers** of elements.

Find

- (i) $n(A \cup B)$
- (ii) $n(A \cap C)$
- (iii) $n(B \cap C')$

(iv) $n(A' \cup B' \cup C')$

(1)

(1)

(1)

(Total for Question 17 is 4 marks)

