

Mark Scheme (Results)

January 2023

Pearson Edexcel International GCSE In Mathematics A (4MA1) Paper 2FR

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General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme.

Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.

- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

• Types of mark

- M marks: method marks
- A marks: accuracy marks
- B marks: unconditional accuracy marks (independent of M marks)

• Abbreviations

- cao correct answer only
- ft follow through
- isw ignore subsequent working

- SC special case
- oe or equivalent (and appropriate)
- o dep dependent
- o indep independent
- o awrt answer which rounds to
- o eeoo each error or omission

• No working

If no working is shown then correct answers normally score full marks

If no working is shown then incorrect (even though nearly correct) answers score no marks.

• With working

If there is a wrong answer indicated on the answer line always check the working in the body of the script (and on any diagrams), and award any marks appropriate from the mark scheme.

If it is clear from the working that the "correct" answer has been obtained from incorrect working, award 0 marks.

If a candidate misreads a number from the question. Eg. Uses 252 instead of 255; method marks may be awarded provided the question has not been simplified. Examiners should send any instance of a suspected misread to review. If there is a choice of methods shown, mark the method that leads to the answer on the answer line; where no answer is given on the answer line, award the lowest mark from the methods shown.

If there is no answer on the answer line then check the working for an obvious answer.

• Ignoring subsequent work

It is appropriate to ignore subsequent work when the additional work does not change the answer in a way that is inappropriate for the question: eg. Incorrect cancelling of a fraction that would otherwise be correct.

It is not appropriate to ignore subsequent work when the additional work essentially makes the answer incorrect eg algebra.

Transcription errors occur when candidates present a correct answer in working, and write it incorrectly on the answer line; mark the correct answer.

• Parts of questions

Unless allowed by the mark scheme, the marks allocated to one part of the question CANNOT be awarded to another.

International GO Apart from Ques correct method	CSE Maths stions 13, 14d, 15, 25 the correct answer	r, unless clearly obtained by a	an incorr	rect method, should be taken to imply a
Q	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
1 (a)		84, 105, 171, 233, 490	1	B1
(b)		5102	1	B1
(c)		3 tens	1	B1 accept 30, tens
(d)		700	1	B1
				Total 4 marks
2 (a)		40	1	B1
(1)		TIC A		D 1

			Total 4 marks
(d)	Bar drawn height 25	1	B1
(c)	95	1	B1
(b)	USA	1	B1
2 (a)	40	1	DI

3 (a)	Octagon	1	B1
(b)	Acute	1	B1
(c)	Chord drawn	1	B1
(d)	360	1	B1
			Total 4 marks

4 (a)	(1, 0)	1	B1	
(b)	Cross marked at	1	B1	
	(3, -2)			
(c)	(-3, -1)	2	B2	for (-3, -1)
				If not B2 then award B1 for $(-3, a)$ where $a \neq -1$ or $(b, -1)$ where $b \neq -3$ or $(-1, -3)$
(d)	<i>y</i> = 3	1	B1	
				Total 5 marks

5	eg 2.5 kg = 2500 g or 400 g = 0.4 kg or 350 g = 0.35 kg		4	B1	for a correct conversion between g and kg
	eg 400 + 350 (= 750) or $0.4 + 0.35$ (= 0.75) or 400 × 2 (= 800) or 0.4×2 (= 0.8)			M1	for method to find the weight of parcel B or C ft incorrect conversion
	eg 2500 - (400 + "750" + "800") or 2.5 - (0.4 + "0.75" + "0.8") (= 0.55)			M1	for a complete method ft incorrect conversion
	<i>Correct answer scores full marks (unless from obvious incorrect working)</i>	550		A1	
					Total 4 marks

6 (a)(i)	34	1	B1
(ii)	Added 6	1	B1 accept eg add 6, +6
(b)	76	1	B1
(c)	Correct explanation	1	B1 eg 467 is odd or the numbers in the sequence are even or $6n - 2$ or , 466, 472,
			Total 4 marks

7 (a)	eg 60 : 24		2	M1	for any ratio equivation for an answer of 2	
	<i>Correct answer scores full marks (unless from obvious incorrect working)</i>	5:2		A1		
(b)		$\frac{3}{10}$	1	B1		
(c)	eg 20 ÷ 4 (= 5) or 20 ÷ 4 × 11 (= 55) or $\frac{x}{11} = \frac{20}{4}$ or $\frac{x}{20} = \frac{11}{4}$		3	M1	for a correct first step	M2 for $\frac{20}{4} \times 15$
	eg 11 × "5" + 20 or $(11 + 4)$ × "5"			M1	for a complete method	-
	Correct answer scores full marks (unless from obvious incorrect working)	75		A1		
						Total 6 marks

8	DL, DP, DR, HL, HP, HR,	2	B2	for all 12 combinations with no
	JL, JP, JR, SL, SP, SR			extras or repeats
				If not B2 then B1 for at least 4 correct combinations (ignoring extras and repeats)
				Total 2 marks

9	(a)		20 30	1	B1	allow eg 20.30 or 20:30
	(b)	eg 10:50am + 45mins = 11:35am		3	M1	for correctly working with two
		or 10:50am + 1hr10mins = 12:00pm				times
		or 2:20pm – 45mins = 1:35pm				
		or 2:20pm – 1hr10mins = 1:10pm				condone missing am or pm
		or 45mins + 1hr10mins = 1hr55mins or 115mins				
		or 10:50am to 2:20pm = 3hr30mins or 210mins				
		eg 10:50am + 45mins + 1hr10mins = 12:45pm			M1ft	for getting to a time one step from
		or 10:50am + 1hr55mins = 12:45pm				the answer or 1hr35mins or a
		or 2:20pm – 45mins – 1hr10mins = 12:25pm				correct ft from a previous error
		or 2:20pm – 1hr55mins = 12:25pm				
						condone missing am or pm
		Correct answer scores full marks (unless from	95		A1	
		obvious incorrect working)				
						Total 4 marks

10 (a)	eg 500 × 1.18		2	M1
	Correct answer scores full marks (unless from obvious	590		A1
	incorrect working)			
(b)	eg 350 ÷ 1.40		2	M1
	Correct answer scores full marks (unless from obvious	250		A1
	incorrect working)			
				Total 4 marks

11	eg $\frac{1}{4} \times 200 \ (=50)$ or $\frac{2}{5} \times 200 \ (=80)$ OR $\frac{43}{200}$		4	M1	for a method to find the beads for Bernadette or Claudio OR Derek's beads as a fraction
	eg $\frac{1}{4} \times 200 \ (=50)$ and $\frac{2}{5} \times 200 \ (=80)$ OR $\frac{43}{200} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{2}{5} \left(= \frac{173}{200} \right)$			M1	for a method to find the beads for Bernadette and Claudio OR method to find the fraction of the 200 beads given away
	eg 200 – "50" – "80" – 43 (= 27) OR 1 – " $\frac{173}{200}$ "			M1	for a method to find the number of beads Asif has left OR 1 – the fraction of the 200 beads given away
	<i>Correct answer scores full marks (unless from obvious incorrect working)</i>	$\frac{27}{200}$		A1	cao
					Total 4 marks

12 (a)	Correct Venn diagram	3	 B3 for all sections completed correctly If not B3 then award B2 for 3 correct sections B1 for 1 or 2 correct sections
(b)(i)	$\frac{13}{30}$	1	B1 oe, ft their Venn diagram
(ii)	$\frac{6}{30}$	1	B1 oe, ft their Venn diagram
			Total 5 marks

13	eg $8 \times 12 (= 96)$ or $7 \times 3 (= 21)$ or $3 \times 15 (= 45)$ or $8 \times 9 (= 72)$ or $15 \times 12 (= 180)$ or $7 \times 9 (= 63)$		5	M1	for a method to find one relevant area accept $15 - 8$ as 7 and $12 - 3$ as 9
	eg "96" + "21" (= 117) or "45" + "72" (= 117) or "180" - "63" (= 117)			M1	for a complete method to find the total area
	eg 117 ÷ 7 (= 16.7 or 17)			M1	(indep) for a method to find the number of tins for their area ft from any value that has come from a calculation that includes at least 2 of the given dimensions
	eg "17" × 23.9			M1	for a method to calculate the cost for their number of tins dependent on previous M1
	Working required	406.3(0)		A1	dep on M1
					Total 5 marks

14	(a)		$10x - x^2$	1	B1	oe eg $-x^2 + 10x$
	(b)		3(2y + 9)	1	B1	
	(c)	eg $h - 4 = \frac{m}{2}$ or $2h = m + 8$		2	M1	for a correct first step
		<i>Correct answer scores full marks (unless from obvious incorrect working)</i>	m = 2(h-4)		A1	oe eg $m = 2h - 8$
						SC award M1
						for $m = 2h - 4$ or $m = h - 8$
	(d)	eg $7g - 2g + 3 = -5$ or $5g + 3 = -5$		3	M1	for correctly collecting the terms
		or $7g = 2g - 5 - 3$ or $7g = 2g - 8$				in g on one side or the numbers on one side
		eg $7g - 2g = -5 - 3$ or $5g = -8$			M1	for a correct rearrangement with terms in g on one side and numbers on the other. Award of this mark implies the first M1
		Working required	$-\frac{8}{5}$		A1	(dep on M1) oe eg $-1\frac{3}{5}$ or -1.6
						Total 7 marks

15	eg $\frac{14}{3}$ and $\frac{11}{6}$		3	M1	for both mixed numbers expressed as improper fractions
	eg $\frac{14}{3} \times \frac{6}{11}$ or $\frac{28}{6} \div \frac{11}{6}$ or $\frac{28n}{6n} \div \frac{11n}{6n}$			M1	seeing this stage gains M2
	eg $\frac{14}{3} \times \frac{6}{11} = \frac{84}{33} = \frac{28}{11} = 2\frac{6}{11}$ or $\frac{14}{3} \times \frac{6}{11} = \frac{84}{33} = 2\frac{18}{33} = 2\frac{6}{11}$ or $\frac{14}{3^1} \times \frac{6^2}{11} = \frac{28}{11} = 2\frac{6}{11}$ or $\frac{14}{3} \div \frac{11}{6} = \frac{28}{6} \div \frac{11}{6} = \frac{28}{11} = 2\frac{6}{11}$ or correct working to $\frac{28}{11}$ and writing $2\frac{6}{11} = \frac{28}{11}$	Shown		A1	dep on M2 for conclusion to $2\frac{6}{11}$ from correct working – either sight of result of multiplication eg $\frac{84}{33}$ must be seen or correct cancelling to $\frac{28}{11}$ or complete method using division and common denominators
	Working required				
					Total 3 marks

16	(a)	Triangle drawn at $(-1, -3)(-1, -4)(-3, -3)$	2	B2	for a correct triangle with correct orientation and position
					If not B2 then award B1 for a correct triangle drawn with correct orientation in wrong position or triangle drawn with 2 out of 3 correct vertices
	(b)	Triangle drawn at	1	B1	cao
		(-4, 4) (-4, 5) (-2, 4)			
					Total 3 marks

17 (a)	-3, -2, -1, 0, 1	2	B2	for -3 , -2 , -1 , 0 , 1 If not B2 then award B1 for 4 correct values and no incorrect values (eg -3 , -2 , -1 , 0) or for 6 values with no more than one incorrect value (eg -4 , -3 , -2 , -1 , 0 , 1)
(b)	x > -1	1	B1	accept $-1 < x$
				Total 3 marks

18	Fully correct angle	2	B2	for a fully correct angle bisector with all relevant arcs
	bisector with all relevant arcs shown			shown
	Televant arcs shown			If not B2 then B1 for all arcs and no angle bisector drawn or for a correct angle bisector within the guidelines but no correct arcs or insufficient correct arcs
				Total 2 marks

19	x	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	Correct line	3	B3 for	r a correct line between
	V	10	7.5	5	2.5	0	-2.5	-5			<i>x</i> =	= -2 and $x = 4$
							1					
											If	not B3 then award B2 for a line segment
											th	rough at least 3 of
											((2, 10), (-1, 7.5), (0, 5), (1, 2.5), (2, 0),
											(3,	, -2.5), (4, -5)
											or	
											all	points plotted correctly
											If	not B2 then award B1 for at least 2 correct
											ро	bints plotted or stated (may be seen in a table)
											or	for a line drawn with a negative gradient
											th	rough $(0, 5)$ or for a line with a gradient of
											-2	2.5
												Total 3 marks

20	eg $\frac{x+7}{80} = \frac{1}{4}$ or $4(x+7) = 80$ or $x+7 = 20$		4	M1	for setting up a correct equation in terms of <i>x</i> only
	eg $x = 80 \times \frac{1}{4} - 7$ (=13) or $4x + 28 = 80$ and $x = \frac{80 - 28}{4}$ (=13) or $x = 13$			M1	for a complete method to find the value of x or $x = 13$. Award of this mark implies M2.
	eg 80-("13"+7+"13"-11+3×"13")(=19) or $\frac{"13"+7+"13"-11+3\times"13"}{80} \left(=\frac{61}{80}\right)$			M1	for a method to find the number of yellow counters or P(R or B or G)
	Correct answer scores full marks (unless from obvious incorrect working)	$\frac{19}{80}$		A1	oe eg accept 0.2375 or 23.75% or 0.237 or 23.7% or 0.238 or 23.8% or 0.24 or 24%
					Total 4 marks

21 (a)	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		2		for one number written as a product of prime factors or prime factors listed – numbers may be at end of factor trees or on 'ladder diagrams' or in a table or in a Venn diagram or at least two factors for each (excluding 1, 200, 420)
	<i>Correct answer scores full marks (unless from obvious incorrect working)</i>	20		A1	or $2^2 \times 5$ oe
(b)	$ \begin{array}{c} A \\ 2 \\ 7 \\ 7 \\ 5 \\ 5 \\ 11 \\ C \end{array} $		2	M1	for $2^m \times 3^n \times 5^p \times 7^q \times 11^r$ with at least three of $m = 3$, $n = 2$, $p = 2$, $q = 2$, $r = 1$ (all 5 terms should be seen) or omission of one term with others fully correct OR prime factors seen in a Venn diagram – if so must be fully correct
	<i>Correct answer scores full marks (unless from obvious incorrect working)</i>	$2^3 \times 3^2 \times 5^2 \times 7^2 \times 11$		A1	allow 970 200 oe
					Total 4 marks

22	$55 \times 32 (= 1760) \text{ or } 52 \times 28 (= 1456)$ or $55 \times 32 + 52 \times 28 (= 3216)$		3	M1	for one correct product or method to find the total mark for both classes
	eg $\frac{"1760"+"1456"}{32+28}$ or $\frac{3216}{60}$			M1	for a complete method
	<i>Correct answer scores full marks (unless from obvious incorrect working)</i>	53.6		A1	
					Total 3 marks

23 (a)		R		3	M1	for finding 4% or 104%	OR M2 for
	or 1.04 × 2000 oe (= 2080)					of 2000	2000×1.04^{3} oe
	1.04 × "2080" oe (= 2163.2)	$2000 \times$			M 1	for completing method	or 2000×1.04^4 oe
	$1.04 \times "2163.2"$ oe	1.04 ³ oe				to find total amount in	(= 2339.72)
						the account at the end of	
						3 years	
	Correct answer scores full marks (un	less from	2250		A1	accept 2249 – 2250	
	obvious incorrect working)			-		SC, if no other meriles and	nod award M1 for
						SC: if no other marks gai	
						0.12×2000 oe or 240 or	1.12×2000 oe or 2240
						accept $(1 + 0.04)$ as equiv	alent to 1.04 throughout
(b)	eg 1365 ÷ (1 – 0.09)			3	M2	for a complete method	
	or 1365 ÷ 0.91						
					(M1)	for $1365 \div (100 - 9) (= 15)$	5)
						or $(100 - 9)\% = 1365$ or	91% = 1365
						or eg $(1 - 0.09)T = 1365$	
						or eg $T - 0.09T = 1365$	
	Correct answer scores full marks (un	less from	1500		A1		
	obvious incorrect working)						
							Total 6 marks

24	eg $\pi \times 3^2 \times 7$ (= 63 π or 197.9)		3	M1	for method to find the volume of Solid A
	eg $\frac{2000}{[\text{vol A}]}$ or $\frac{3375}{450}$ (= 7.5 oe) or $\frac{2000 + 3375}{[\text{vol A}] + 450}$			M1	(indep) for method to find the density of Solid A , B or C , allow use of their volume for Solids A and C
	<i>Correct answer scores full marks (unless from obvious incorrect working)</i>	8.3		A1	accept 8.29 – 8.31
					Total 3 marks

25	$SCD = 128^{\circ} \text{ or } BCS = 32^{\circ}$ or $TSC = 180 - 128 (= 52)$ eg (int $\angle =$)128 + 32(= 160) or (ext $\angle =$)180 - (128 + 32)(= 20) or (ext $\angle =$)"52"-32(= 20)		4	M1 M1	angles need to be identified or may be seen marked on the diagram (dep on previous M1) for method to find the size of one interior or exterior angle, may be seen marked on the diagram.	M2 for (BCD =) 128 + 32 (= 160) or $(DCV =) 52 -$ 32 (= 20) (may be seen marked on the diagram). To award these marks 160 or 20 must be clearly
						used or identified as the interior or exterior angle.
	eg $180(n-2) = "160"n$ or $360 \div "20"$			M1	for setting up an equation for the sum of interior angles or $360 \div "20"$	
	Working required	18		A1	dep on M2	
						Total 4 marks

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